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Okt. - April Mo. - Fr. 9 - 13 und 14 - 17 Uhr, Sa. 10 - 13 Uhr

Tel. 07732 81-500 · info@radolfzell-tourismus.de

Mai - Sept. Mo. - Fr. 9 - 18 Uhr, Sa. 10 - 13 Uhr

www.radolfzell-tourismus.de

Juli - Ende Sommerferien zusätzlich So. 10 - 13 Uhr



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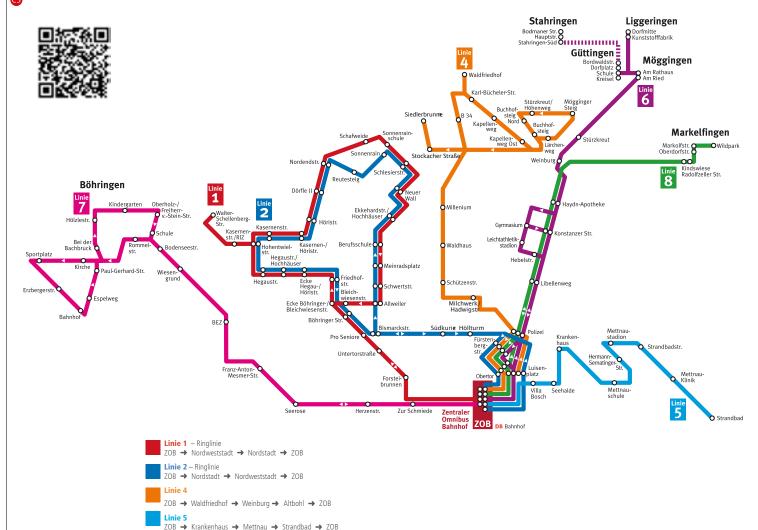
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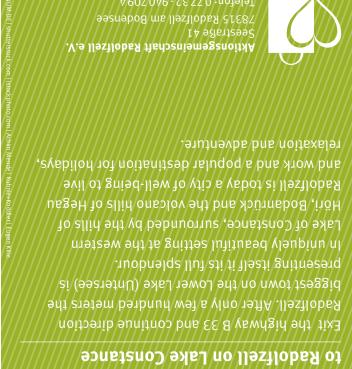


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METCOWE





# Welcome! We invite you to a tour through Radolfzell on Lake Constance

Aut bahnanschluss A81, B33 Stockach 🥻



the city Radolfzell welcomes its guests as holiday and healt

resort with everything that your heart may desires – with

charming flair, a gorgeous Old Town and a manifold offer on culture, sports and wellness.

Next to the small fishing town and the court of the convent Reichenau the Bishop Radolf of Verona created a so-called "cell with a church for his retirement residence in 826 AC.

Where once the "Rudolf's Cell" stood, today the Gothic Cathed

Immediately opposite is the Town Hall and on the other side of the Market Square the "Österreichisches Schlösschen", th Austrian Little Castle is worth a visit, a building from the Renaissance built in 1619 and today hosting the city library.

1267 the city rights followed. The oldest part of town "der Griene Winkel" with remaining parts of the farmer's and fishe settlement, the old city wall, the Powder Tower and the Höllturm is located in the former town moat and the Seestraße.

houses from the Middle Ages makes the city stroll a vivid journey through the centuries.

Tuesday – Sunday 11.00 (11am) to 17.00 (5pm) Uhr

Halbinsel

Naturschutzgebiet

Mettnau

is welcoming you dearly.

Closed on Mondays

More information under: www.radolfzell-tourismus.de

**City Museum: opening hours** 

The city with the slogan "See vital" meaning "vibrant lake"

#### 1 Münster Unserer Lieben Frau

Around the year 826 Bishop Radolf of Verona had erected a church and housing for clerics in the immediate neighborhood of an already existing settlement. The current late Gothic building had probably replaced a late Roman Basilica. With 82 m the Radolfzell Münster has the highest church tower

#### 2 Ölberg Radolfzell

Ölberg respectively Ölbergruppe at the Münster choir in Radolfzell refers to a masterpiece build of artificial stone which is characteristic for the people's devoutness in the Middle Ages. The work of art is a replica carefully formed of artificial stone, originally made by an unknown artist in the second half of the 15th century. The original is still located in the Radolfzell Münster.

#### 3 Österreichisches Schlösschen

The Austrian Little Castle reminds of an almost 500 years lasting affiliation between Radolfzell and the Habsburg Dynasty. The city started the erection of the building in 1619 which was supposed to serve the Austrian archduke Leopold V (1586-1632) ruler of Tyrol and the Austrian foothills, as a city palace. Today the city's library is located here.



#### 4 Obertor

The 46 "shoe" high Head gate (approximately 14 m) secures the east entrance to the city. 1870 it fell victim to the growing traffic. Even though the Head gate has been gone for more than 120 years its name is still a known term. The pictures on the left and right at the connecting constructions show the gate with a drawbridge and the city complex at around 1750.

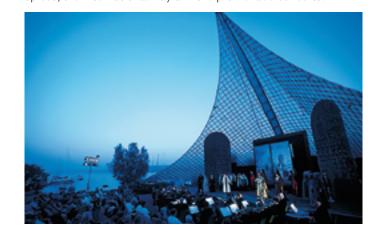
The former water moat is a public park since 1924. The park was a gift to the city from Karl Wolf, former general director of the pump factory Allweiler.

### 6 Kapuzinerkloster

In the years between 1625 and 1627 a small monastery for the Capuchin monks was erected outside the city. 1632 the demolition followed, 1659/60 it was rebuilt again. During the 18th century 12 fathers and 3 to 4 lay brothers lived there. 1826 the monastery's church was converted into a two-storey residence. Among others the World Monastery is located here today.

The east side of the former city fortification from the Powder Tower along the water moat (City Park) to the Höllturm is mostly still in the same state of about 1870. The wall partly with keyhole notches has at some points still the original height. Iron rings at the walls of the Powder Tower indicate that once there have been boats tied up. When in the event of the railroad construction in the years of 1860 the area outside the city wall up to far past the lake was filled with dirt, parts of the round tower disappeared into the ground.

Since the mid 1980ies the Concert Sail located directly at the Lake of Constance at the lakeside promenad set a stunning scene for events and concerts. Since the city's anniversary in 2017 the sea festival takes place at the Concert Sail. More events which are taking place at the concert sail regularly are Radolfzeller Kräutermarkt, a market for herbs and spices, the International Day and the promenade concerts.



#### 9 Griener Winkel

Old city district in the Seestraße. The houses themselves are typical remains of a poor fish and farmer settlement of the

## 10 Stadtmuseum / Alte Stadtapotheke

Bodensee

1689 the pharmacist of Radolfzell Franz Zangerer purchased a farmstead grounded on foundations of the 14th and 15th century to build a pharmacy. The pharmacy tradition lasted until 1998. In 2006 the City Museum of Radolfzell received a new residence in the prominent building with its two-story bay window. Biggest exhibit of the museum is the building itself. Changing



exhibitions and programs you find listed under

#### 11 Ritterschaftshaus

The impressive building gives testimony to the flourishing community in the Middle Ages and the Early Modern Times. Many noblemen settled in Radolfzell or chose the well-fortified city as a second residence. Since 1427 Radolfzell has been the meeting place and the center of administration for the Hegau knight hood, one of the four cantons of the Swabian knight hood "Zum Georgenschild".



#### 12 Rathaus

The present town hall was built 1848 replacing a former building from 1421 and served also as district court and city fruit hall. At the stunning building with its various arched windows on the eastside and towards Kaufhausstraße you can still recognize to this day the former big gates through which grain and potatoes were carted into the fruit hall.



#### 13 Alte Forstei / Petershauser Amtshaus

The former office building of the since 1597 united abbeys Petershausen and St. Georgien is located at the end of the Seestraße. The building was erected in 1619 and hosted also a chapel, basement, stalls, a grain chute as well as a big hall. In 1799 it was used as a French military hospital and served as a chancellery for the Württembergerischen Cameral Administration from 1806 to 1810. The names "Forstei" and "Forsteiplatz" derive from the regional forestry commission under the reign of Baden which was located here.

The beginnings reach back to the 14th century. After a fire 1541 the hospital complex was rebuilt with a new chapel, using parts of the old building. 1386 the Constance Bishop Niklaus II from Riesenburg enacted an appeal for funds for the Holy Spirit Hospital which was in the phase of construction. Since one hundred years the building complex serves as retirement home and nursing home.

### 15 Schmidtengasse

Seven smiths were originally located here, giving the alley its name. The seven in Radolfzell existing guilds were of social, clerical and sociable character and had unlike to other cities not grown into powerful political organizations. The need for building space within the city walls lead to erecting narrow houses in between the gaps between buildings which were supposed to prevent danger of fire. House number 5 is with 2,5 m width the most narrow one in the old town center



#### 16 Schützentorturm

The Archer's Gate Tower is most likely not part of the first phase of the city's fortification of Radolfzell but is rather part of a later expansion stage of the 14th century (approximately built 1350-1400). It was recognized early that the markman gatetower is a shell tower which must have been open towards the city side and yet served the development of the city wall. During the last maintenance the tower was sealed with a timber-framing face. 1958 the passage was laid open as a sidewalk. The tower has until the end of the 18th century served as a prison.

### 17 Alte Post

Radolfzell has since the 18th century been connected to the main stems of the Austrian land post. A carriage and horse-riding post of the Taxisschen Realm post was established 1763. 1899 a new building was erected for the Imperial Post at the corner Tegginger-/Schützenstraße. The insignia post horn, carrier pigeon and imperial eagle are still visible on the outer walls.

#### 18 Hohes Haus

The former Fürstenberger Torkel must have been built in the 13th/14th century. Its present form with the stepped gable it has been given in the 17th century. The Gothic house raises 5 storages. The ground floor houses the coat of arms of the Earls of Fürstenberg-Heiligenberg-Werdenberg who used it as official house and fruit chute for 200 years. Today the department store Kratt has parts of its salesrooms in the High House. Established 1919 it is the oldest department store in Radolfzell and offers today a great variety of fashion, useful things and decorative items for your home, toys and much more

of the former city fortification. A platform with battlements forms the border. On the grounds of the so-called "Hölle" (engl.: hell) there have been two traditional companies from Radolfzell: the 1836 founded brewery HÖLLE and from 1922 to 1981 the Obstbaugenossenschaft Bodensee, an association of fruit growers. In 1984 the shopping mall Höllturmpassage opened its gates.

#### 20 Alte Sparkasse / Carl Duisberg Centrum

The building at the corner of Tegginger-/Fürstenbergstraße at the northern part of the city park was built in 1903. From 1904 to 1959 the Bezirkssparkasse Radolfzell, a regional bank, was located here. In the years between 1959 and 1980 the Radolfzell branch of the "Goethe-Institut" was hosted in this house. Successor of the language institution were the Carl Duisburg Centers.

#### 21 Schützentorschule

The art noveau (Jugendstil) house was built in 1903 from Johann Swars and was originally used as department store. In 2007 the store was expanded through the rooms of the former Schützentorschule. Until 1961 its basement housed the first fish hatchery in Baden-Württemberg. Today the house offers toys for young and old in fourth generation.

### 22 Jahr100Bau

The place where the linen company Schiesser has been located for a long time, an elongated "Gründerzeit" building from 1900 has now been transformed into the "lahr100Bau". Once it accommodated the first mechanical production of knitted fabrics. Today it flanks the walker axle between the Old Town and



#### 23 seemaxx Outlet Center Radolfzell The seemaxx is a shopping outlet center for the whole family. Branded goods for reduced

### 24 Milchwerk Tagung / Kultur / Messe

The former Milchwerk of Radolfzell provides the city with a representative and modern cultur and conference center. The restructured industrial building was designed for every possible way of different utalization and has a room program which fulfills most diverse requirements.



#### The pharmacist Franz Karl Josef Bosch built

25 Villa Bosch

the present Villa Bosch in 1865, 1881 his widow Maria Theresia Bosch passed her entire inheritance to the city of Radolfzell upon the condition that the estate would be used to establish a girls school. The Villa Bosch was temporarily owned by the German National Railway. The city of Radolfzell repurchased the building 1987. On December 19th 1988 the house was handed over to its current purpose: for concerts and the urban gallery. The art association Radolfzell e.V. and the cultural department offer interesting exhibitions in alternation.

### 26 Scheffelschlösschen

The so-called Scheffelschlösschen is a former castle located on the peninsula of Mettnau. From 1896 on the poet Joseph Victor von Scheffel and his family spent the summers on the peninsula of Mettnau. After he had been raised to the ranks of aristocracy he purchased the manor Mettnau

and expanded the old vineyard tenant house to a castle. Today it hosts the local tourist administration (Kurverwaltung). Several works from Scheffel are exhibited in the hallway. Due to its official use the building can only be visited in limitations.

### 27 Urkundenhäuschen

big Radolfzell markets took place there. These were fruit markets regressing importance not earlier than at the end of the 19th century and up to 20.000 livestock. In the Little Document House which was also the whereabouts of the cities customs officers, sales were concluded the Mettnau and served as powder magazine.

Attractions wc Public toilet

Р

1 "Nette Toilette"

Parking Tourist information

E-bike charging station

Once the temple like building was located at the Luisenplaza where the old Middle School was built from 1906 to 1908 (now "Hausherrenschule"). The especially the cattle markets where they herded (documents). In World War I it has been moved to

